

#### ASX: MKR

# **June 2023 Quarterly Activities Report**

# **Key Points**

- Gold production from Mt Boppy screened historic rock and tailings dump material restarted during June Quarter
- Revenues from gold sales to ABC Refinery resumed in July
- No Operating Cash Flow for the Quarter results partially impacted by mismatch between costs incurred (June Quarter) and first receipts from gold sales proceeds (current quarter)
- Positive operating cashflow expected in the Sept Quarter with zero mining costs plus benefit of existing gold in the tanks at the Wonawinta plant waiting to be stripped as at beginning of August
- Activities during the Quarter primarily focused on preparations at Mt Boppy for commencement of the screening project
- Average grade of material screened in June Quarter was ~1.8g/t Au
- Reprocessing of Mt Boppy ROM, waste and tailings estimated to continue for ~3 years at 20-25kozpa rate
- Revenue from Mt Boppy screening program expected to fully fund Manuka's exploration programs over the coming 3 years
- Mt Boppy Deeps exploration program targeting 5 drill holes to 500-600m beneath Mt Boppy pit, likely to commence during September 2023
- Gold JORC Resource update expected to be announced in August

Dennis Karp, Manuka's Executive Chairman noted: "The Company is about to realise the benefits of the Mt Boppy gold bearing, screening program. Whilst from a cashflow perspective the June Quarter was difficult, this is set to be decisively reversed in the September Quarter.

The Company expects a big Quarter with continued gold production and first revenue inflow. The funding will underpin a restart of a more aggressive exploration effort across a highly prioritised portfolio of targets to help build upon the JORC resource upgrade we anticipate releasing in the Quarter."

### Mt Boppy Gold Project

- Consistent with our schedule, a JORC Resource Update is planned for release in August
- Although its only early days for the Mt Boppy screening project, gold grades and recoveries are in line with expectations
- Test work undertaken on these has highlighted the economic viability of the material which is now being processed at the Wonawinta plant
- Project to end of June Quarter had screened 71,327t of the Mt Boppy ROM rock dump, producing 34,227t <8mm ore and an additional 7,372t 8mm-20mm ore, with the balance going to waste
- Screening of the material started in early May (and the Wonawinta plant started processing of the screened product on 14 June)
- Next phase of the Mt Boppy exploration program, the Mt Boppy Deeps drill program, is scheduled for September with a 5 hole program

Taranaki VTM Iron Sand Project

- The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, TTR, owns 100% of the world class Taranaki vanadiferous titanomagnetite (VTM) iron sand project located offshore in NZ's South Taranaki Bight (STB)
- The project has a reported 3.2Bt VTM iron sand resource<sup>1</sup> with 1.6Mt of contained V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (vanadium pentoxide)
- This makes it one of the largest known drilled vanadium resources worldwide and potential producers on ASX
- The Taranaki VTM Project has a granted mining licence (Mineral Mining Permit MMP55581)
- Manuka's vision is for a project initially recovering ~5Mt of VTM iron ore concentrate, containing 10,000t recoverable vanadium metal, a year over a 20-year mine life
- The next milestone is the regranting of EPA's environmental consents to commence mining operations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Released ASX 1 March 2023

• The EPA's Decision Making Committee (DMC) commenced this process in March 2023 and TTR provided the requested expert reports in May 2023

Wonawinta Silver Project

- As previously advised Manuka suspended the processing of all silver stockpiles until a decision to commence silver mining and production is made
- Manuka intends to complete a silver JORC Reserve Statement during the September Quarter in anticipation of future production
- The Wonawinta exploration targets remain a high priority following drilling at Mt Boppy Deeps and Pipeline Ridge

## **Overview of the June Quarter 2023**

The June Quarter was the first quarter of nil revenues for the Company since its July 2020 IPO. This followed the suspension of the Wonawinta silver stockpile project. The June Quarter also preceded the inflow of revenues from our initial gold sales. The gold in circuit (gold residing in the tanks within the Wonawinta plant) at the end of June was building consistently in line with forecasts and exceeded 600oz gold.

A total of 71,327t of Mt Boppy waste and dumps were screened in the June Quarter, generating 34,227t of <8mm material and 7,372t of 8-20mm material (with the balance going to waste). Average grades to date are ~1.8g/t Au.

The Company has encountered certain restart delays which have had the effect of delaying gold revenues by about 6 weeks (and into the September Quarter). These were largely centred around LNG supply issues and a shortage of available trucks to complete the Mt Boppy to Wonawinta haulage of screened material. LNG supply has been resolved and securing available trucking haulage capacity will be an ongoing challenge requiring day-to-day management.

### Taranaki VTM Project

Manuka's wholly owned subsidiary, Trans-Tasman Resources Limited (TTR), was granted Mineral Mining Permit MMP55581 located 22km to 36km offshore in New Zealand's South Taranaki Bight (STB) in 2014. In 2017 the NZ Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) granted the environmental marine and marine discharge consents (Consents) to operate. The grant of these Consents was then subject to third party legal challenge. Judgments in the High Court in 2018, the Court of Appeal in 2020 and particularly the Supreme Court (SC) in 2021<sup>2</sup> summarised the legal deficiencies of the EPA's Decision Making Committee's (DMC) Consents grant and the legal framework for the DMC to address when the grants are reconsidered.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Judgement delivered 30 September 2021

The SC referred the Consents back to the EPA for reconsideration by its DMC on five narrowly defined points of law. The new DMC reconvened in March 2023<sup>3</sup> and requested TTR provide expert evidence to satisfy the SC's ruling on information deficits. In May 2023 TTR provided the expert evidence to the DMC to satisfy the SC's requirements and legal tests to reissue the Consents. These expert reports concluded the proposed VTM mineral recovery in STB will avoid material harm, will favour caution and environmental protection in relation to the effects of the proposed mining operations and resulting sedimentation on biota in the STB including no adverse ecological effects on marine mammals and seabirds. Accordingly, there are no aspects of TTR's 2017 environmental Consents that are an impediment to having them re-approved by the reconvened DMC<sup>4</sup>.

In parallel with this formal EPA engagement process, TTR will commission additional metallurgical test work to optimise the flowsheet for processing of the VTM concentrate (including the recovery of vanadium and titanium) during 2H 2023 and undertake marketing (and related) studies building on work completed during the Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS).

Globally VTM titanomagnetite iron sands are in strong demand as feed for electric arc furnaces (EAF) to produce low carbon "green steel". EAF steel making burns 50% less coal, reduces emissions by more than 45% in the steel making process and sets the platform for meeting net zero goals by 2050. Vanadium, apart from its widespread and increasing application as a steel alloying element to strengthen steel, is rapidly building demand as an electrolyte in vanadium redox flow batteries (VRFB) which are fast becoming the preferred IP for large grid-scale high-capacity battery stations to store renewable energy due to their longevity and fire safety characteristics, ahead of all competing technologies.

Australia is now building its first 850Mw, with 1,680Mwh capacity, VRFB Waratah Super Battery at the former Munmorah coal fired power station in NSW to drive Australia's transition to a low carbon economy.

With concerns over the sovereign security of vanadium supply from key producing nations China (comprising 55% of global production), Russia (20% of global production), Brazil (15%) and South Africa (10%), vanadium now has "critical mineral" status in Australia, USA and the EU. The demand for VTM concentrate for EAF low carbon green steel production together with the rapidly growing demand underpinning rising prices for vanadium, suggests the potential of our Taranaki VTM Project, hosting one of the largest known vanadium resources in the world with 1.6Mt contained  $V_2O_5$  metal, will attract the competitive capital investment and metal producer offtake interest required to develop the project.

The Taranaki VTM Project, when in production with an estimated annual production of 10,000 tonnes of vanadium metal, will make Manuka one of the leading vanadium producers in the world and propel NZ into the third largest producer of the metal after China and Russia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer EPA Public consultation disclosures at www.epa.govt.nz/public-consultations/in-progress/trans-tasman-resourceslimited-2016/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Refer ASX announcement 1 August 2022

#### **Resource Growth and Exploration Outlook**

The Company's geological team has continued to implement the exploration work programmes established from the Q1 2023 Strategic Review. The MKR Resource Triangle (Fig. 1) shows the current classification of the exploration targets, and those highlighted on which work was undertaken during Q2 2023.



Figure 1

The resource base at Mt Boppy outside of the in-pit resources continues to expand. This has been achieved through continued bulk sampling of the Mt Boppy Main Waste dump material and screening into sub 8mm and sub 12 mm fractions, which comprise approximately 40-50% by mass. The Mt Boppy waste dump is estimated to contain approximately 3.92 Mt of variably mineralised waste rock and old tailings material. Of this, between 1.6-1.9Mt is targeted as a screened product. Systematic excavation and screening of the Main Waste dump is steadily building incremental (currently over 120kt) screened product resources that are viable to truck to the Wonawinta plant. This material will be processed after completion of current mining of the Mt Boppy ROM pad and rock dump during the September Quarter.

Bulk sampling of the McKinnons low grade rock dumps was initiated during the Q2, and results will be reported in Q3 2023.

Other work programmes that have been progressed include,

- Evaluation of the Mt Boppy mine depth extensions on the back of the 2020-21 Mining Associates mineral resource model and designing deeper diamond drilling to test and potentially establish incremental resources;
- Initiation of geological modelling of the Pipeline Ridge base metal gold deposit, resampling and analysing available diamond core, and design of a drilling programme that enables completion of a Feasibility study level mine plan (open cut and or underground);
- Completion of a detailed regional geophysics synthesis of the Mt Boppy ML's and Canbelego (EL5482) tenements, including conducting a merged data reinterpretation of all available magnetic data and a revised IP interpretation for Hardwicks and Pipeline Ridge; and
- Detailed analysis and reorganisation of the Company's extensive drilling and geochemical sampling database.

Drill programmes for 2023 and 2024 have been scoped in-line with prioritisation of the targets on Figure 1 with encouraging engagement with local drilling contractors for these activities. Exploration below the historic Mt Boppy mine underground infrastructure and stoping is a priority target, and these activities are expected to start during Q3 and Q4 2023.

### Cashflow and Hedging

Manuka reported (\$3.599) million in negative EBITDA over the June Quarter. Operating cash flow for the Quarter was (\$6.2) million. Cashflow was adversely affected by the mismatch in timing between expense incurred for gold production activities during the Quarter versus the commencement of cash receipts.

The Company did not have any open hedge contracts as at 30 June 2023.

The principal amount outstanding at Quarter end to the Company's senior secured lender, TransAsia Private Capital (TA) was US\$8.0 million. This amount is due in a single repayment on 30 September 2023.

Total borrowings as at 30 June 2023 were A\$24.85 million. Unused facilities available at Quarter end were A\$3.46 million and the cash balance was \$265,833. Furthermore, there was another A\$1.8m equivalent of gold in the tanks, with stripping and sales to commence in July.

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3.3, during the quarter, the Company made cash payments of \$0.275 million to related parties and their associates (refer items 6.1 and 6.2 of the Appendix 5B). This was the aggregate amount paid to the directors including salary, directors' fees, consulting fees and superannuation.

#### Mining Exploration Activities

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3.1 cash outflows for the quarter in relation to exploration and evaluation activities were \$0.172 million (refer Item 2.1(d) of the Appendix 5B) and predominantly comprised expenditure on:

- Continued bulk sampling of gold mineralised material continued at Mt Boppy on both the ROM and Main waste dump. This sampling will be used to generate a resource report for these areas in the current quarter. Initial bulk sampling also commenced on the former McKinnons gold mine waste dump;
- Assessment of the deeper mineralisation in the Mt Boppy orebody continued along with further inspection of historic drill core. Several deep boreholes are planned for the current quarter to build on the current known resource; and
- Further geophysical analysis resulted in all Canbelego historic magnetic data being merged into a single database, reprocessed and filtered. A number of untested geophysical targets emerged from this study and will be progressed in the next two quarters.

#### **Mining Development Activities**

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3.2 cash outflows for the quarter in relation to mining development activities were \$73,000 (refer items 1.2(b) and 2.1(f) of the Appendix 5B). These outflows relate to establishment of screening and mobile equipment at Mt Boppy.

#### **Mining Production Activities**

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3.2 cash outflows for the quarter in relation to mining production activities were \$2.34 million (refer Item 1.2(c) of the Appendix 5B) and comprised the following:

Mining and crushing contractors	\$0.21 million
Hauling contractors	\$0.12 million
Processing	\$2.01 million

#### Mining Tenements

The following information is provided pursuant to Listing Rule 5.3.3 for the quarter ended 30 June 2023.

**Wonawinta Silver Project** tenements are located approximately 90 kilometres to the south of Cobar, NSW, and comprises one (1) granted mining lease and seven (7) granted exploration licences as below, plus processing plant and associated infrastructure.

Tenement	Percentage held / earning	Change during Quarter
ML1659	100%	-
EL6482	100%	-
EL7345	100%	-
EL6155	100%	-
EL6302	100%	-
EL7515	100%	-
EL6623	100%	-
EL8498	100%	-

**Mt Boppy Gold Project** tenements are located approximately 45 kilometres east of Cobar, NSW, adjacent to the Barrier Highway. The Project comprises four gold leases, two mining leases, one mining purpose lease and one exploration licence which encompasses the MLs and extends the project area to the south.

Tenement	Percentage held / earning	Change during Quarter
GL3255	100%	-
GL5836	100%	-
GL5848	100%	-
GL5898	100%	-
ML311	100%	-
ML1681	100%	-
MPL240	100%	-
EL5842	100%	-

**Taranaki VTM Iron Sand Project** tenements are located offshore in the South Taranaki Bight of the North Island, New Zealand. Tenements acquired as a result of the acquisition<sup>5</sup> of TTR comprise one granted mining permit and one granted exploration permit.

Tenement	Percentage held / earning	Change during Quarter
MMP55581	100%	-
MEP54068	100%	-

There were no tenements disposed of during the Quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ASX disclosure 11 November 2022



This announcement has been approved for release by the Directors of Manuka Resources Limited.

For further information contact: Dennis Karp Executive Chairman Manuka Resources Limited 02 7253 2020

Media Contact Angela East M+C Partners 0428 432 025

#### Important Information

This report includes forward-looking statements and comments about future events, including the Company's expectations about the performance of its businesses. Forward-looking words such as "expect", "should", "could", "may", "predict", "plan", "will", "believe", "forecast", "estimate", "target" or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company and which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Forward-looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as an indication or guarantee of future performance. Given these uncertainties, recipients are cautioned to not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement. Subject to any continuing obligations under applicable law, the Company disclaims any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements in this report to reflect any change in expectations in relation to any forward-looking statements or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. No Limited Party or any other person makes any representation, or gives any assurance or guarantee that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements in the report will occur.

#### About Manuka Resources Limited

Manuka Resources Limited (ASX: MKR) is an Australian mining and exploration company with key assets located in the Cobar Basin, central west New South Wales. In addition to its recent acquisition of Trans-Tasman Resources Limited owner of the Taranaki VTM Project, it is the 100% owner of two fully permitted mining projects, one gold and one silver, both within the Cobar Basin, which include the following:

- Gold Mt Boppy Gold mine, 48-person mine camp and neighbouring tenements, hosting an existing open pit mineral resource<sup>6</sup> and combined ROM, waste and tailings material all of which lend themselves to upgrading through screening. The Company has commenced a screening and gold recovery project, processing the product at its Wonawinta plant. It has confidence the gold from these sources can be extracted profitably and over a period of ~3 years. Manuka also awaits the outcome of its forthcoming exploration program to determine as to whether the future for mining any Mt Boppy extensions will be as an underground or open cast mine.
- Silver Wonawinta silver project, with mine, 84 person mine camp, processing plant and neighbouring tenements. Previously renowned as the largest primary producer of silver in Australia, the mine hosts a significant JORC resource<sup>7</sup>. The Wonawinta processing plant has a nameplate capacity of >850,000 tonnes per year (which the Company now sees expanded to >1.0Mt/yr. The Company has recently completed a plant and metallurgical recovery optimisation.

There exists a number of highly prospective base metals exploration targets on Manuka's ~1,150km<sup>2</sup> tenement package within the Cobar Basin.

The Taranaki VTM Iron Sand Project recently released its maiden vanadium resource<sup>8</sup> which ranks it as one of the largest drilled vanadium projects globally. The Project has a granted mining licence and is in the lowest quartile of the iron ore production cost curve. The Company awaits the reissuance of its Environmental Approval before completing its Bankable Feasibility Study.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> ASX release 29 July 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> ASX release 1 April 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> ASX release 1 March 2023

# **APPENDIX 5B**

### Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

	Manuka Resources Ltd		
ABN		Quarter ended ("curre	nt quarter")
	80 611 963 225	30 June 2023	
Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
1.	Cash flows from operating activities	(453)	9,645
1.1	Receipts from customers		
1.2	Payments for		
	(a) exploration & evaluation	(6)	(6)
	(b) development	(73)	(117)
	(c) production	(2,343)	(13,230)
	(d) staff costs	(1,892)	(8,278)
	(e) administration and corporate costs	(785)	(2,271
1.3	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	
1.4	Interest received	-	
1.5	Interest and other costs of finance paid	(570)	(730
1.6	Income taxes paid	-	
1.7	Government grants and tax incentives	-	
1.8	Other (provide details if material)	(85)	482
1.9	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	(6,207)	(14,506)
2.	Cash flows from investing activities		
2.1	Payments to acquire or for:		
	(a) entities	-	
	(b) tenements	-	
	(c) property, plant and equipment	(217)	(596
	(d) exploration & evaluation	(172)	(686
	(e) investments	-	
	<ul> <li>(f) other non-current assets – (mine properties and development)</li> </ul>	-	(5

2.6	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	(390)	(1,286)
2.5	Other (provide details if material) -		-
2.4	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
2.3	Cash flows from loans to other entities	-	-
	(e) other non-current assets	-	-
	(d) investments	-	-
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	-
	(b) tenements	-	-
	(a) entities	-	-
2.2	Proceeds from the disposal of:		

3.	Cash flows from financing activities		
3.1	Proceeds from issues of equity securities (excluding convertible debt securities)	2,398	6,247
3.2	Proceeds from issue of convertible debt securities	-	-
3.3	Proceeds from exercise of options	-	-
3.4	Transaction costs related to issues of equity securities or convertible debt securities	-	(262)
3.5	Proceeds from borrowings	6,021	15,232
3.6	Repayment of borrowings	(3,875)	(6,552)
3.7	Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings	-	-
3.8	Dividends paid	-	-
3.9	Other (provide details if material)	(43)	(131)
3.10	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	4,501	14,796

4.	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period		
4.1	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,362	1,263
4.2	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9 above)	(6,207)	(14,506)
4.3	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (item 2.6 above)	(390)	(1,286)
4.4	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities (item 3.10 above)	4,501	14,796
4.5	Effect of movement in exchange rates on cash held	-	-
4.6	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	266	266

Appendix 5B

Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

5.	<b>Reconciliation of cash and cash</b> <b>equivalents</b> at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts	Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1	Bank balances	266	2,362
5.2	Call deposits	-	-
5.3	Bank overdrafts	-	-
5.4	Other (provide details)	-	-
5.5	Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter (should equal item 4.6 above)	266	2,362

6.	Payments to related parties of the entity and their associates	Current quarter \$A'000
6.1	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 1	275
6.2	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 2	-
	5.1 This is made up of amounts paid to the directors including salary, directors' fees, o nnuation.	consulting fees and
Note: 6	5.2 This is made up of amounts paid to the directors including consulting fees in respe	ect of exploration activities.

Appendix 5B

2,079

Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

7.	<b>Financing facilities</b> Note: the term "facility' includes all forms of financing arrangements available to the entity. Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the sources of finance available to the entity.	Total facility amount at quarter end \$A'000	Amount drawn at quarter end \$A'000
7.1	Loan facilities	26,928	24,849
7.2	Credit standby arrangements	-	-
7.3	Other (please specify)	-	-
7.4	Total financing facilities	26,928	24,849

#### 7.5 Unused financing facilities available at quarter end

7.6 Include in the box below a description of each facility above, including the lender, interest rate, maturity date and whether it is secured or unsecured. If any additional financing facilities have been entered into or are proposed to be entered into after quarter end, include a note providing details of those facilities as well.

Lender	Facility type	Total Facility	Rate	Maturity
TransAsia	Secured Senior			
Private Capital	Debt Facility			
Limited	plus interest	13,647	13%	30/09/2023
ResCap	Unsecured			
Investments	Working			
Pty Ltd	Capital Loan	2,000	16%	30/09/2023
Growfunding	Vehicle			
Pty Ltd	Finance	318	11%	29/04/2025
-	Short-term			
Various	finance	1,956	20%	31/08/2023
				3 year trade
				finance facility
	Trade Finance			expiring April
Tennant Metals	stockpile facility	9,005	8.8%	

8.	Estimated cash available for future operating activities	\$A'000	
8.1	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9)	(6,207)	
8.2	(Payments for exploration & evaluation classified as investing (1 activities) (item 2.1(d))		
8.3	Total relevant outgoings (item 8.1 + item 8.2) (6,3		
8.4	Cash and cash equivalents at quarter end (item 4.6)		
8.5	Unused finance facilities available at quarter end (item 7.5) 2,		
8.6	Total available funding (item 8.4 + item 8.5)	2,345	
8.7	Estimated quarters of funding available (item 8.6 divided by item 8.3)		

Note: if the entity has reported positive relevant outgoings (i.e. a net cash inflow) in item 8.3, answer item 8.7 as "N/A". Otherwise, a figure for the estimated quarters of funding available must be included in item 8.7.

8.8	If item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, please provide answers to the following questions:		
	8.8.1	Does the entity expect that it will continue to have the current level of net operating cash flows for the time being and, if not, why not?	
	Answer:		
		The Company has recommenced gold production as announced to the ASX on 14 June 2023 and first cash inflows from gold sales occurred during July 2023.	
	8.8.2	Has the entity taken any steps, or does it propose to take any steps, to raise further cash to fund its operations and, if so, what are those steps and how likely does it believe that they will be successful?	
	Answer:		
		At 30 June 2023 the Company has excess finance facilities available for use and gold recoveries are already underway. At the time of writing the gold in circuit exceeds \$A4 Million and sales to the refinery have commenced.	
	8.8.3	Does the entity expect to be able to continue its operations and to meet its business objectives and, if so, on what basis?	
	Answer:		
		During the quarter the Company recommenced gold production as announced to the ASX on 14 June 2023 and first cash inflows from gold sales occurred during July 2023.	
	Note: w	here item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, all of questions 8.8.1, 8.8.2 and 8.8.3 above must be answered.	

#### Compliance statement

- 1 This statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and policies which comply with Listing Rule 19.11A.
- 2 This statement gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Date: 31 July 2023

Authorised by: .....

Toni Gilholme – Company Secretary

On behalf of the Board of Directors

#### Notes

- 1. This quarterly cash flow report and the accompanying activity report provide a basis for informing the market about the entity's activities for the past quarter, how they have been financed and the effect this has had on its cash position. An entity that wishes to disclose additional information over and above the minimum required under the Listing Rules is encouraged to do so.
- 2. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the definitions in, and provisions of, AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources and AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows apply to this report. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with other accounting standards agreed by ASX pursuant to Listing Rule 19.11A, the corresponding equivalent standards apply to this report.
- 3. Dividends received may be classified either as cash flows from operating activities or cash flows from investing activities, depending on the accounting policy of the entity.
- 4. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the board". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a committee of your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the [name of board committee – e.g. Audit and Risk Committee]". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a disclosure committee, you can insert here: "By the Disclosure Committee".
- 5. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors and you wish to hold yourself out as complying with recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations*, the board should have received a declaration from its CEO and CFO that, in their opinion, the financial

records of the entity have been properly maintained, that this report complies with the appropriate accounting standards and gives a true and fair view of the cash flows of the entity, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

- 6. By the Company lodging this Appendix 5B, the Managing Director and CFO declare that the Appendix 5B for the relevant quarter:
  - presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the cashflows of the Company for the relevant quarter and is in accordance with relevant accounting standards;
  - the statement given above is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board; and
  - the Company's financial records have been properly maintained and the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.